

Serial No. 10/791,543

**IN THE SPECIFICATION**

Page 1, lines 4 and 5 have been amended as follows:

The present invention relates to a garment rod [[,]] and, more particularly, to an adjustable garment rod with a conveniently adjustable angle of suspension.

Page 1, line 14 through page 2, line 2 have been amended as follows:

The mounting bracket (60) comprises a bracket body (61) and a mounting ring (62). The bracket body (61) has transverse slot (610), two upper lips (611) and two lower lips (612) where only one upper lip (611) and one lower lip (612) are shown in the FIG. 7. The transverse slot (610) is defined between the upper and the lower lips (611, 612). The upper lips (611) are formed alongside the transverse slot (610), and each of the upper [[lip]] lips (611) has a curved edge (614) and multiple seat detents (615). The seat detents (615) are defined in the curved edge (614). Likewise, the lower lips (612) are formed alongside the transverse slot (610), and each of them has a curved edge (616) and multiple arm detents (617). The curved edges (616) of the lower lips (612) are opposite to the curved edges (614) of the upper lips ( [[615]] 611 ). The arm detents (617) are defined in the curved edges (616). The mounting ring (62) connects to the bracket body (61) and is attached to the post (69).

Page 2, lines 8-17 have been amended as follows:

The suspension arm (70) has an insert (72), a top edge (701), at least one hanging recess (71) and two positioning studs (73). The insert (72) is inserted into and held in the arm passage (741) and has an elongated hole (721) and an inside end (722). The elongated hole (721) holds slidably the pivot fastener (63). The at least one hanging recess (71) is defined along the top edge (701). The positioning studs (73) protrude alongside the insert (72) and extend, respectively, toward the lower lips (612) of the bracket body (61). The positioning studs (73) correspond, respectively, to the lower lips (612), engage selectively the arm detents (617) in the corresponding lower lip (612) to position the suspension arm (70).

Page 8, lines 8-23 have been amended as follows:

The suspension arm (50) is mounted in and extends out of the mounting bracket (10) through the arm slot (101), abuts the resilient element (40) and has an insert (51), two toothed

Serial No. 10/791,543

protrusions (52), a top edge (not numbered), a bottom edge (not numbered), multiple annular holes (53) and multiple elongated holes (54). The toothed protrusions (52) are formed on the insert (51), correspond, respectively, to the front recesses (312) in the inner housing (30) and engage, respectively, the toothed surfaces (102) in the mounting bracket (10). The insert (51) is inserted into the arm passage (301) through the front opening (304), is held in the arm passage (301) and has an inner end (510) and a sliding hole (511). The inner end (510) abuts and is pressed by the free ends (41) of the resilient element (40) so the toothed protrusions (52), respectively, engage the toothed ratchet surfaces (102) to hold the suspension arm (50) at a given angular position. The sliding hole (511) is defined completely through the insert (51), is aligned with the pivot holes (311) is held in place by the fastener (123) and allows the suspension arm (50) to move longitudinally within the limits of the sliding hole (511).

Page 9, lines 8-11 have been amended as follows:

The annular holes (53) and the elongated holes (54) are defined transversely completely through the suspension arm (50), respectively, along the top and bottom edges. All the annular and the elongated holes (53, 54) can be used to hang objects.

Page 9, lines 15-21 have been amended as follows:

With reference to FIGS. 1, 3 and 6, the suspension arm (50) is adjusted in a downward direction by pushing the suspension arm (50) into the outer housing easing (12). The insert (51) slides along the arm passage (301), and the inner end (510) compresses the free ends (41) of the resilient element (40). As the insert ( [[51]] 52 ) slides along the arm passage (301), the toothed protrusions (51) disengage from the toothed ratchet surfaces (102) and slide, respectively, into the front recesses (312) of the half casings (31).